

CAUTION

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING



ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: 200 g/L FLUROXYPPYR
present as the methyl heptyl ester
SOLVENT: 586 g/L LIQUID HYDROCARBON

GROUP II HERBICIDE

For the Control of a Wide Range of Broadleaf Weeds in Fallow, Lucerne, Maize, Millets, Pastures, Sorghum, Sugar Cane, Sweet Corn, Winter Cereals.
Also for the Control of Woody Weeds in Agricultural Non-Crop Areas, Commercial and Industrial Areas, Pastures and Rights-of-Way as Specified in the Directions for Use Table.

IMPORTANT: READ THIS LEAFLET BEFORE USING THIS PRODUCT

Chemtura Australia Pty Ltd
An Arysta LifeScience Group Company
Level 7, 435 King William Street
Adelaide SA 5000
Tel: (08) 8112 0900 Fax: (08) 8112 0999



DIRECTIONS FOR USE

- RESTRAINTS**
- DO NOT apply to plants that may be stressed (not actively growing) due to prolonged periods of extreme cold, moisture stress (water-logged or drought affected) poor nutrition, presence of disease, or previous herbicide treatment as reduced levels of control may result.
 - Thorough coverage of both foliage and stems, to the point of runoff, is essential for high volume applications (see **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS**; application methods **WOODY WEED SITUATIONS** section).
 - DO NOT spray if rain is likely to occur within one hour.
- Table 1: Woody Weeds in Agricultural Non-Crop Areas and Rights-of-Way, Commercial and Industrial Areas, Forests and Pastures.**
- * Legumes present at the time of spraying will be severely damaged.
- HIGH VOLUME APPLICATION: Dilute product with water.**
See **General Instructions – Application Method for application details**

WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED GROWTH STAGE	STATE	RATE mL/100 L WATER	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Bathurst burr, Noogoora burr	Seedlings and young plants up to 40 cm high	NSW, NT, Qld, WA only	75	
Black bindweed (Climbing buckwheat)	Seedlings and young plants before flowering	NSW, Qld only	300	
Mimosa pigra	Apply from mid to late summer	NT, WA only		Add Uptake Spraying Oil (see GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS ; Oils and surfactants).
Common sensitive plant	Seedlings and young plants up to flowering	Qld, WA only	500	
Belychea bush		Qld, NSW, WA only		
Blackberry nightshade, Bokhara clover		NSW, Qld only		
Caltrop (yellow vine) (<i>Tribulus terrestris</i>)	Seedlings and young plants up to 30 cm diameter			
Cobblers pegs	Up to 15 cm high			
Cockspur thorn	Up to 3 m high			
Creeping lantern	At flowering			
Crofton weed, Mistflower	Seedlings and young plants up to flowering			
Docks (<i>Rumex</i> spp.)	Seedlings and rosettes up to 30 cm high			
Hexham scent	Seedlings and young plants up to flowering			Boom spray: Chemtura Fluroxypyr 200 at 0.3 L/ha + 0.5 L/ha of 2,4-D amine (500 g/L)
Honey locust	Seedlings and young plants up to 2 m high			
Small flowered mallow (<i>Marsh-mallow</i>) (<i>Malva parviflora</i>)	Seedlings and young plants up to flowering			
Yellowflower Devil's claw	Seedlings and young plants up to 2 m high			
Lantana	Seedlings and regrowth 0.5 to 1.2 m high	NSW, Qld only	500	Apply to actively growing plants from October to April. Some regrowth may occur particularly when treating old woody plants with sparse canopies.
	Plants and regrowth 1.2 to 2 m high		1000	
Blue heliotrope	Flowering			
Limebush	Infestations up to 1.5 m high only			
Madeira vine	Apply at time of active growth		500	
Milkweed (<i>Euphorbia heterophylla</i>)	3 leaf to flowering	Qld only	1000	Repeat applications will be necessary to control subsequent germinations.
Common sowthistle	Seedlings and young plants up to bolting	NSW, Qld only	500	Add a surfactant (see GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS ; Oils and surfactants).
Moth-of-millions (<i>Kalanchoe</i> spp.)	Seedling and young plants before flowering		600	
Prickly acacia	Seedling and young plants up to 2 m high	Qld only	750	Add Uptake [®] Spraying Oil (see GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS ; Oils and surfactants). Consult Tropical Weeds Research Centre, Charles Towers, for specific advice on application
Sida spp.	Seeding and young plants up to flowering	NSW, NT, Qld, WA	1000	
Broadleaf Pepper tree (<i>Schinus terebinthifolius</i>)	Mature leaves, fruiting	Qld only	500	Winter application only. Contact Alan Fletcher Research Station for more information.
Flannel weed (<i>Sida cordifolia</i>)				
Snakeweed (Dark and light blue)	Seedling and young plants before flowering		750	Add Uptake [®] Spraying Oil (see GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS ; Oils and surfactants).
Stinking Passion flower	Established plants and regrowth	Qld, NT, WA	450	Use 70 mL/15 L for a knapsack.
Wandering Jew (<i>Tradescantia albiflora</i>)	Young plants up to 2 m high and will require retreatment.	All States	1500	Some regrowth will usually occur and will require retreatment.
Wattles (including <i>Acacia auco-carpa</i> , <i>A. decora</i> , <i>A. harpophylla</i> , <i>A. leicocarp</i> , <i>A. salicina</i>)	Seeding plants or regrowth 0.5 to 1.2 m high Plants or regrowth 1.2 to 2.0 m high only	NSW, Qld only	500	Apply to actively growing plants when soil moisture is plentiful. Some regrowth may occur particularly when treating old woody plants with sparse canopies and under dry conditions.

BASAL BARK AND CUT STUMP APPLICATION: Dilute product with diesel.

See **General Instructions – Application Method for application details**

WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED GROWTH STAGE	STATE	RATE L/ha	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Celtis (<i>Celtis sinensis</i>)	Basal Bark only: Young plants up to 20 cm basal diameter	Qld only	3.5	Treat stems from ground level to where trunk stems meet branch.
Chinese apple	Up to 15 cm basal diameter		3	With basal bark, treat circumference of stem to a height of 45 cm from the ground. Contact the Land Protection Branch, Department of Lands, Qld, for further information on Chinese Apple.
Cockspur thorn	Basal Bark only: Up to 5 cm basal diameter		2	
Mimosa bush (<i>Acacia farnesiana</i>)	Up to 5 cm basal diameter	Qld, WA only	3	
Prickly acacia	Up to 10 cm basal diameter	Qld only	1.5	
Honey locust	Plants up to 10 cm basal diameter Plants 10 to 20 cm basal diameter Plants >20 cm basal diameter	Qld, NSW only	1.5	With basal bark, treat circumference of stem to a height of 45 cm from the ground. For cut stump application use a rate of 5 L/100 diesel for all plant sizes. Contact the Land Protection Branch, Department of Lands, Qld, for further information on Honey Locust.
Sisal hemp (<i>Agave</i> spp.)	All growth stages	Qld only	3	Treat as an overall spray. Contact The Land Protection Branch, Department of Lands, Qld, for advice to control large infestations. Lever out centre of plant with crowbar and immediately treat the exposed cut area

BROADCAST AND AERIAL APPLICATION: Dilute product with water.

See **General Instructions – Application Method for application details**

WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED GROWTH STAGE	STATE	RATE L/ha	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Mimosa pigra	Actively growing plants	NT, WA only	3 L	Aerial application: Add Uptake Spraying Oil at the rate of 1 L/100 L spray mix. Apply to actively growing plants from mid to late summer. Contact the Department of Primary Industries and Fisheries, NT for further information.

LOW VOLUME, HIGH CONCENTRATE APPLICATION: Use a drench gun or gas-powered gun.

See **General Instructions – Application Method for application details**

WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED GROWTH STAGE	STATE	RATE L/ha	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Limebush	Isolated bushes up to 1.2 m high only	NSW, Qld only	1 L	Apply a 50 mL dose per 5 m ² of bush surface area.
Tree violet (<i>Hymenandra dentata</i>)	Apply from late flowering to green fruit up to 1.2 m high	NSW only		Apply a 50 mL dose per cubic metre of bush

Table 2: Established Grass Pastures

WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED GROWTH STAGE	STATE	RATE L/ha	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Blue billygoat Common sensitive plant Giant sensitive plant Spinhead sida St John's wort	Apply before flowering	Qld, WA only	1.5	Add Uptake Spraying Oil at 1 L/ha
Silverleaf night-shade	From onset of flowering to early berry-set (usually spring to mid-summer)	NSW only	0.75 or 0.375 + 1.5–2 2,4-D amine (500 g/L)	Some regrowth will occur. Treat regrowth the following season for best results. Use at least 200 L water/ha. To ensure maximum effect, delay application until the majority of shoots have emerged. Follow-up treatment of regrowth is critical for best control.

Table 3: Sorghum, Maize, Millets and Sweet corn (NSW & Qld only)

CROP	CROP GROWTH STAGE	WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED GROWTH STAGE	RATE L/ha	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Sorghum	Apply when secondary roots are present, from 4 fully expanded leaves (15 cm tall) up to boot (also see CRITICAL COMMENTS)	Annual ground cherry, Wild gooseberry (<i>Physalis</i> spp.)	Up to 8 leaf up to 15 cm tall	0.5	Sorghum: From 8 leaf to boot stage, use dropper nozzles to prevent herbicide coming in contact with the crop's leaves and the growing point (meristem). Maize and sweet corn: From 6 leaf to shoot before tasselling, use dropper nozzles to prevent the herbicides coming in contact with the crop's leaves and the growing point (meristem). Millets: DO NOT use mixes with atrazine. ⁽¹⁾ This treatment may be slightly damaging to the crop. Maize and sweet corn: From 6 leaf to shoot before tasselling, use dropper nozzles at all crop stages. Millets: DO NOT use mixes with atrazine. ⁽¹⁾ This treatment may be slightly damaging to the crop. Use the low rate (0.5 or 0.75 + 2 L atrazine flowable (500 g/L)) or Use the high rate (0.75 + 2 L) when the weeds are larger (7–15 cm tall/diameter). Chemtura Fluroxypyr 200 is generally more compatible with Liquid atrazine products (see GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS; compatibility section). Add a surfactant (see GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS; Oils and surfactants). DO NOT add an oil to mixtures of Chemtura Fluroxypyr 200 and atrazine.
		Apple-of-Peru	Seedling plants up to 15 cm tall	0.75	
		Bathurst burr, Noogoora burr	2 to 8 leaf up to 20 cm tall	0.5	
		Pigweed (<i>Portulaca oleracea</i>)	Up to 10 cm diameter	0.5	
Maize & Sweet corn	Apply when secondary roots are present, from 3 fully expanded leaves (10 cm tall) up to just before tasselling (see CRITICAL COMMENTS)	Up to 10 cm diameter	0.5		
		10 to 30 cm diameter	0.75		
		20 to 50 cm tall	0.75		
Millets	Spray when secondary roots have developed, usually early to mid-tillering, and not later than before heads start to form at the base of the tillers. (See CRITICAL COMMENTS)	Pigweed (<i>Portulaca oleracea</i>)	Up to 10 cm diameter	0.5	
		Sesbania pea	2 to 6 leaf up to 10 cm tall	1.5	
		Silverleaf nightshade (NSW only) ⁽¹⁾	Full flower to early berry	0.75 + Uptake at 1 L/ha	
		Starburr (<i>Acanthospermum hispidum</i>) (Qld only)	Up to 12 leaf or rosettes up to 15 cm flowering	1.5 or 0.75 + 2 L atrazine flowable (500 g/L)	
Volunteer sunflower	2 to 5 leaf up to 20 cm tall	1			

Chemtura Fluroxypyr 200 in tank-mixes with atrazine: Sorghum, Maize and Sweet corn.

CROP	CROP GROWTH STAGE	WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED GROWTH STAGE	RATE L/ha	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Sorghum, Maize & Sweetcorn	Spray when secondary roots have developed, usually early to mid-tillering, and not later than before heads start to form at the base of the tillers. (See CRITICAL COMMENTS)	<i>Amaranthus</i> spp. Including: Boggabri weed, Dwarf amaranth, Green amaranth, Redshank, Amaranth weed, Bladder ketmia, Black pigweed (<i>Trianthema portulacastrum</i>), Caltrop (yellow vine), including <i>Tribulus terrestris</i> , <i>T. microcosmum</i> and <i>T. maximum</i> Cowvine (peach vine) (<i>Ipomoea lanchochophylla</i>), Hairy wandering Jew (<i>Commelina benghalensis</i>), Mintweed	Seedling plants up to 15 cm tall or rosettes up to 15 cm diameter	0.5 + 1.5 of atrazine flowable (500 g/L) or 0.75 + 2 of atrazine flowable (500 g/L)	Use the low rate (0.5 or 0.75 + 2 L) when the weeds are larger (7–15 cm tall/diameter). Chemtura Fluroxypyr 200 is generally more compatible with Liquid atrazine products (see GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS; compatibility section). Add a surfactant (see GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS; Oils and surfactants). DO NOT add an oil to mixtures of Chemtura Fluroxypyr 200 and atrazine.
		<i>Euphorbia davidii</i>	Cotyledons to 4 nodes up to 15 cm	1 + 2 atrazine flowable (500 g/L)	
Sweet corn: Tasmania only	Sweet corn only	3 to 5 leaf	Blackberry nightshade, Volunteer potatoes	3 to 5 leaf	1

Table 4: Winter Cereals (Wheat, Barley, Oats and Triticale)

CROP GROWTH STAGE	WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED GROWTH STAGE	STATE	RATE L/ha	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Apply from 3 leaf to flag (Zadoks 13 to 39)	Bedstraw (<i>Galium tricornutum</i>)	1 to 3 whorl	Vic, SA, WA	1	DO NOT add Uptake or a surfactant (see GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS; Oils and surfactants).
	Cleavers (<i>Galium aparine</i>)		NSW, Vic only		
	Black bindweed (Climbing buckwheat)	2 to 4 leaf	NSW, Qld only	0.5 ⁽¹⁾	Useful suppression only.
	Common sowthistle (<i>Conchus oleraceus</i>)	2 to 5 leaf		1	Mixtures: Mixing partners with Chemtura Fluroxypyr 200 may reduce crop selectivity. Apply at crop growth stages according to the mixing partner's recommendation.
	Deadnettle	2 to 6 leaf		1.5 or 0.5 + 5 g Metsulfuron methyl ⁽¹⁾	
	Spiny emex (Doublegee, Three cornered jack)	2 to 4 leaf	NSW, SA, Qld, WA	1.5 or 0.5 + 5 g Metsulfuron methyl ⁽¹⁾	
	Prickly lettuce	2 to 5 leaf	NSW, Qld, SA, Tas, Vic, WA only	1	
	Volunteer lupins	2 to 8 leaf	NSW, Vic, WA only	1.5	
	Volunteer potato	10 to 15 cm tall	WA and Tas only		Plants 15 to 30 cm tall will only be suppressed.
	Wireweed	2 to 3 leaf	NSW, Qld, SA, Tas, Vic and WA	0.5 + 5 g Metsulfuron methyl ⁽¹⁾	
	Bittercress (<i>Conopus didymus</i>), Mustards, Shepherd's purse, Turnip weed, Wild radish, Wild turnip	Up to 8 leaf up to 15 cm diameter	Qld, NSW, SA, Tas, WA	0.5 + 5 g Metsulfuron methyl ⁽¹⁾	The Chemtura Fluroxypyr rate depends on what other weeds are present as listed above. See Mixtures comment above. Metsulfuron methyl (600 g/kg) @ 5 g/ha (this mix does not control wild radish). Eclipse @ 5–7 g/ha Use the 5 g rate on turnip weed only. MCPA LVE (500 g/L) @ 700 mL/ha. MCPA Amine (500 g/L) @ 1.0 L/ha.

Table 5: Summer Fallow

WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED GROWTH STAGE	STATE	RATE L/ha	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Annual ground cherry, Wild gooseberry (<i>Physalis</i> spp.)	2 to 8 leaf, up to 15 cm tall	NSW, Qld only	0.75 ⁽¹⁾	⁽¹⁾ Add Uptake [®] Spraying Oil (see GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS ; Oils and surfactants). When mixing with Glyphosate 450 g/L to control both grass and broadleaf weeds, refer to the Glyphosate 450 g/L label for use rates and adjuvants recommended for the grasses (see GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS ; compatibility section).
Bathurst burr, Noogoora burr	2 to 8 leaf, up to 20 cm tall	NSW, Qld, Vic, WA only		
Bellvine	Pre-flowering	NSW, Qld only	0.5 + 1.2 Glyphosate 450 g/L	
Bladder ketmia	4 to 8 leaf, up to 10 cm tall			
Cowvine (Peach vine) (<i>Ipomoea lanchochophylla</i>)	2 to 10 leaf up to 10 cm diameter			
Caltrop (yellow vine), including <i>Tribulus terrestris</i> , <i>T. maximum</i> and <i>T. microcosm</i>	Up to 15 cm diameter		0.5 + 1.0 Glyphosate 450 g/L	
Pigweed (<i>Portulaca oleracea</i>)	Up to 10 cm diameter Up to 60 cm diameter		0.75 ⁽¹⁾ or 0.75 + 1.0 Glyphosate 450 g/L	
<i>Polymeria pusilla</i>	2 to 10 leaf up to 20 cm diameter		1 ⁽¹⁾ or 0.5 + 1.2 Glyphosate 450 g/L	
Rhynchosia	Seedlings to early flowering		1 ⁽¹⁾ or 0.375 + 0.8 Glyphosate 450 g/L	
Smallflower mallow or Marshmallow (<i>Malva parviflora</i>)	Up to 8 leaf up to 20 cm diameter		1 ⁽¹⁾	
Thornapples (<i>Datura</i> spp.)	2 to 8 leaf up to 15 cm diameter	NSW, Qld, WA only	0.75 ⁽¹⁾ or 0.5 + 1.2 Glyphosate 450 g/L	
Sesbania pea	2 to 6 leaf up to 10 cm tall	NSW Qld only	1.5 ⁽¹⁾ or 0.5 + 1.2 Glyphosate 450 g/L	
Perennial Ground Cherry (<i>Physalis virginiana</i>) (w)	Bud to early flowering up to 20 cm tall		1.5 or 3 ⁽¹⁾	
Silverleaf night-shade	Full flower to early berry-set (usually Dec–Feb)	NSW only	0.75 or 0.375 + 1.5–2 2,4-D amine (500 g/L)	Add Uptake Spraying Oil at the rate of 1 L/100 L spray mixture. To ensure maximum effect, delay application until the majority of shoots have emerged. Follow-up treatment will be required to control regrowth and is critical for optimum control. If wanting to prevent seed set repeat applications may be needed in the same season, although this does not lead to better long-term control.
Volunteer peanuts	Up to 15 cm diameter	Qld only	1 + 4.5 atrazine flowable (500 g/L)	Add a surfactant (see GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS ; Oils and surfactants). Important: see GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS ; compatibility section.
Volunteer sunflowers	2 to 5 leaf up to 20 cm	NSW, Qld only	1	Add Uptake Spraying Oil (see GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS ; Oils and surfactants section).

Table 6: Winter Fallow

WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED GROWTH STAGE	STATE	RATE L/ha	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Bedstraw (<i>Galium tricornutum</i>)	Up to 5 whorl	Vic, SA, WA only	1 ⁽¹⁾	⁽¹⁾ Add Uptake Spraying Oil (see GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS ; Oils and surfactants section).
Cleavers (<i>Galium aparine</i>)		NSW, Vic only		⁽¹⁾ Add Uptake or a surfactant (see GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS ; Oils and surfactants section).
Black bindweed (Climbing buckwheat)	2 to 8 leaf up to 10 cm diameter	NSW Qld only	0.75 ⁽¹⁾	
Common sowthistle (<i>Conchus oleraceus</i>)	2 to 5 leaf up to 10 cm diameter		1.0 ⁽¹⁾ or 0.5 + 0.6 Glyphosate 450 g/L	When mixing with Glyphosate 450 g/L to control both grass and broadleaf weeds, refer to the Glyphosate 450 g/L label for use rates and adjuvants recommended for the grasses (see GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS ; compatibility section).
Prickly lettuce	2 to 8 leaf		1.5 ⁽¹⁾ or 0.5 ⁽¹⁾ + 5 g Metsulfuron methyl (600 g/kg)	
Spiny emex (Doublegee, Three cornered jack)	2 to 8 leaf		1.5 ⁽¹⁾ or 0.5 ⁽¹⁾ + 5 g Metsulfuron methyl (600 g/kg)	
Wireweed	2 to 3 leaf up to 10 cm tall		1.5 ⁽¹⁾ or 0.5 + 5 g Metsulfuron methyl (600 g/kg)	

Table 7: Sugar cane (Qld, NSW, NT and WA only)

CROP GROWTH STAGE	WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED GROWTH STAGE	RATE L/ha	CRITICAL COMMENTS
From early tillering to maturity	Balsam pear, Blackberry nightshade, Blue pigweed weed, Centro, Cowpea, Giant sensitive plant, Lablab bean, Noogoora burr, Phasely bean, Pinkburr, Prickly African Cucumber, Spinhead sida, Stinking passion flower (seedlings only)	Apply from 2 to 3 leaf until flowering	Apply: 1.3 Aerial: 1.5	For optimal weed control, delay application until just before the "close-in" stage. Aerial application: Apply in not less than 60 L/ha water and add Uptake Spraying Oil at 1 L/100 L spray mixture. Ground application: Apply in 100–400 L/ha water and add Uptake Spraying Oil at 500 mL/100 L of spray mixture.
	Belvine, Morning glory, Red or pink convolvulus, Star-of-Bethlehem			As above + 1 2,4-D amine (500 g/L)
	Stinking passion flower	Established or rosette plants with at least 1.0 m of regrowth	High volume: 450 mL/100 L water Knapsack: 70 mL/15 L water	Thoroughly wet plants to the point of run-off.
	Milkweed (<i>Euphorbia heterophylla</i>)	Seedlings and young plants up to flowering.	3 or 2.3 + 4 atrazine flowable (500 g/L)	Better control will be achieved with the atrazine mixture. Delay application until just before the cane reaches the "close-in" stage. This will improve control and minimise the number of seedlings that germinate.

Table 8: Lucerne (NSW only)

CROP GROWTH STAGE	WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED GROWTH STAGE	RATE L/ha	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Established crops at least eighteen months old	Annual ground cherry, Bathurst burr, Noogoora burr, Wild gooseberry	2 to 8 leaf up to 15 cm high	0.5	To minimise crop injury and to maximise weed control, cut, slash or heavily graze the lucerne before application. Whenever possible, irrigate before application to stimulate weed growth. DO NOT treat crops growing on sandy or stony soils. DO NOT treat crops after the summer growing season (after end of March). To broaden the spectrum of weeds controlled, Chemtura Fluroxypyr 200 can be mixed with 2,4-DB Amine
	Pigweed	Up to 10 cm diameter		

Table 9: Poppies (Tas only)

CROP GROWTH STAGE	WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED GROWTH STAGE	RATE L/ha	CRITICAL COMMENTS
4 to 6 leaf	Cleavers, Fumitory, Shepherd's purse, Wireweed	2 to 6 leaf	1	1 + 5 Asulox
8 to 10 leaf	Common sowthistle, Prickly lettuce, Black nightshade, Fumitory, Volunteer potato	2 to 5 leaf Cotyledon to 4 leaf 6 to 10 leaf From tuber initiation to flower bud	1 1.5	DO NOT apply Chemtura Fluroxypyr 200 to poppies later than the 8 to 10 leaf growth stage as a reduction of alkaloid content could occur. This rate will provide season long control of volunteer potato, but will not control all daughter tubers and will only suppress potatoes over 15 cm tall.

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION

WITHOLDING PERIODS

CROPS AND PASTURES: DO NOT GRAZE FAILED CROPS AND TREATED PASTURES OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 7 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION.

POPPIES: DO NOT SPRAY POPPIES LATER THAN